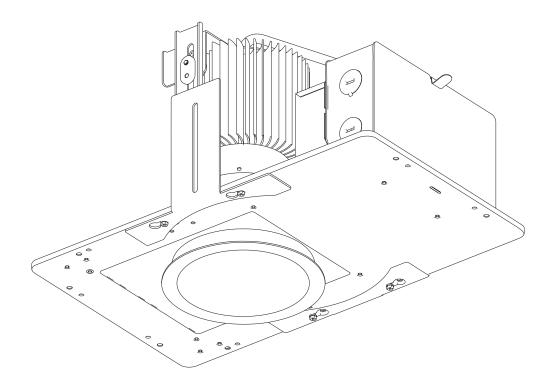
# REV 4





- Before wiring to power supply and during servicing or relamping, turn off power at fuse or circuit breaker.
- All servicing or relamping must be performed by qualified service personnel.
- Product must be grounded to avoid potential electric shock or other potential hazard.
- Product must be installed at locations and heights, in a manner consistent with its intended use, and in compliance with Electrical Code and local codes.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

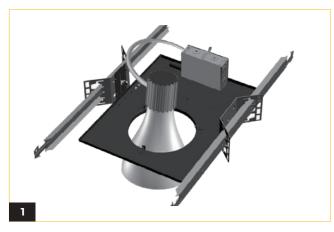


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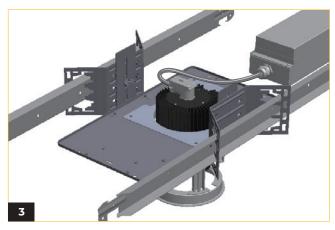
#### INSTALLATION GUIDE

**REV 4** RETROFIT

## METEOR



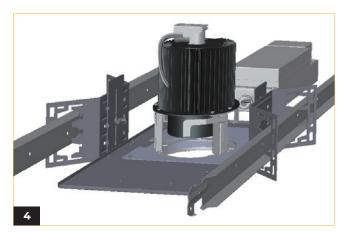
- A. Remove existing reflector and lamp, open junction box cover and disconnect the wiring.
- B. Remove reflector retention clips or hardware.
- C. Retain existing mounting components (such as frames, butterfly brackets, hanger bars, junction box).



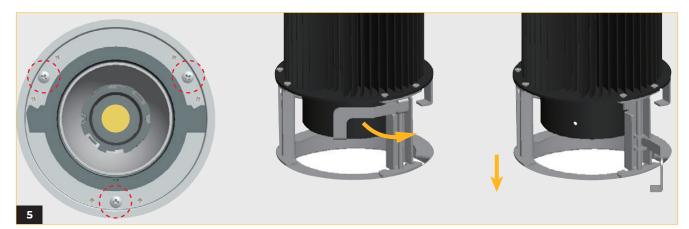
- A. Hang LED module to existing frame with safety cable.
- B. Place retrofit power box through ceiling opening.
- C. Snap flexible conduit from power box into junction box. Place power box away from ceiling opening.



Detach trim from LED module.



- A. Make electric connection in junction box from power box and snap on junction box cover.
- B. Push LED module up through existing frame until flush with ceiling opening.



A. Screw the three indicated areasB. Lock the frameholder to the ceiling to hold the weight in place.

#### INSTALLATION GUIDE

### **REV 4** RETROFIT

## **METE**<sup>O</sup>R

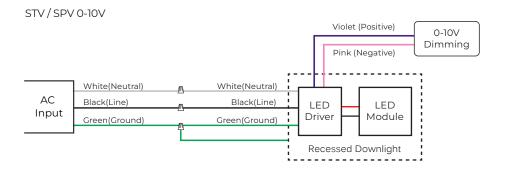


A. Place the diffuser on the trim.B. Push the trim up and ensure it is flush to the ceiling.

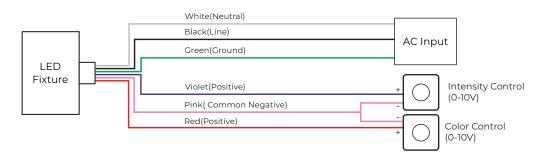
### **REV 4** RETROFIT

## **METE**<sup>O</sup>R

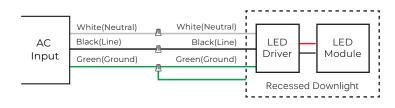
#### WIRING DIAGRAM

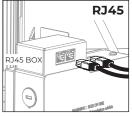


#### SPV 0-10V (Tunable White)



DMX

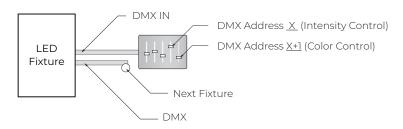




Connect DMX by using a standard shielded CAT5/6 cable.







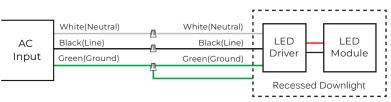
\*The last fixture has to be terminated with a DMX Terminator (by others).

### **REV 4** RETROFIT

#### WIRING DIAGRAM



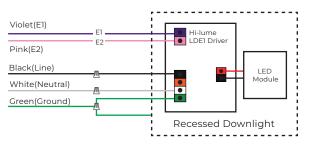
LTE



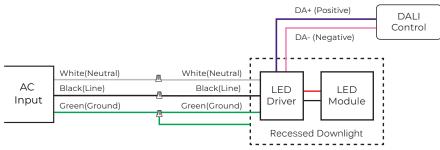
Compatible	I TF	Dimmer	l ist
Compatible			LISU

LUTRON PART NO			
MRF2-6ND-120	HQRD-6NA		
RRD-6NA	HQRD-6N		
RRD-10ND	DSZ-6ND		
HQRD-10ND			

#### LDE1



DALI



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### **REV 4** RETROFIT

## METE<sup>O</sup>R

#### NOTES

#### Application note : Wiring for DMX/RDM lighting systems

DMX/RDM is a robust and reliable system for lighting control. However, if not implemented correctly, problems can arise such as random flashing of lights, erratic operation and delays in responding to commands. This document explains the best practices in DMX wiring.

#### Important things to consider are:

- 1. DMX is a three-wire system. Use all three!
- 2. DMX is based on the EIA-485/RS-485 standard.
- 3. Always use cable specifically designed for DMX / RS-485. These cables have an impedance of  $120\Omega$  and a low capacitance. For instance : Belden 9729 or Belden 9841.
- 4. DMX must be terminated with a  $120\Omega$  resistor to prevent reflections.
- 5. A daisy chain topology should be used.
- 6. After 32 unit loads a repeater/booster should be used. (Important : For tunable white fixtures, After "32" unit loads a repeater/booster should be used.)
- 7. Keep cabling below 200 meters between the controller and the last driver.
- 8. It is generally considered good practice to provide separate DMX in and DMX out / DMX Thru connections to your fixture to aid in installation. This can be in the form of pigtails, RJ-45 connectors or 5-pin XLR connectors.
- 9. Use twisted pair cables with an impedance of  $120\Omega$  and a low capacitance.
- 10. UTP Cat5 or Cat6 network cable can also be used but have a slightly lower impedance of  $100\Omega$ .
- 11. If shielded cable is used, only connect shield to ground on one side (typically, the controller should have its shield terminal connected to ground).
- 12. Not following the above recommendations may seem to work at first, but can cause problems. Sometimes after weeks of seemingly normal operation.